

The SAT Subject Tests™

Answer Explanations

TO PRACTICE QUESTIONS FROM
THE SAT SUBJECT TESTS STUDENT GUIDE

Modern Hebrew

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SAT Subject Test in Modern Hebrew

This document gives detailed answer explanations to modern Hebrew practice questions from *The SAT Subject Tests™ Student Guide*. By reviewing these explanations, you'll get to know the types of questions on the test and learn your strengths and weaknesses. Estimated difficulty level is based on a 1–5 scale, with 1 the easiest and 5 the most difficult.

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1. Difficulty: 1

Choice (C) is correct. The question tests the ability to identify the correct preposition in the statement, “Mother is worried *about us*.” The other choices are not the correct preposition that follows the verb *to worry*: (A) *to us* (B) *on us*, or (D) *in us*.

2. Difficulty: 2

Choice (D) is correct. “This man travels all over the world. He *speaks* many languages.” The question tests the ability to identify the correct expression verb *speaking a language*. It does not make sense to use *says* (A), *passes* (B), or *tells* (C), so only choice (D) *speaks* is the correct answer.

3. Difficulty: 3

Choice (A) is correct. “I still don’t know if I will go on to the trip. Everything *depends* on the weather.” This question tests the ability to identify the correct expression. Choice (B) *desirable*, choice (C) *possible*, and choice (D) *allowed* are incorrect in this sentence, so only choice (A) *depends on* is the correct answer.

4. Difficulty: 4

Choice (A) is correct. “Rachel’s friends arranged a *surprise* party for her birthday.” This question tests the ability to identify the correct vocabulary to use with *party*. It does not make sense to say *a feeling party* (B), *an agreement party* (C), or *an invitation party* (D).

5. Difficulty: 5

Choice (B) is correct. “The new immigrants that arrived this week to Israel *brought* with them only new things.” The question tests the ability to identify the correct tense and form of the verb. It does not make sense to say that they *arrived* (A), *will bring* (C), or *will arrive* (D). Note that in Hebrew *to arrive* and *to bring* derive from the same root.

6. Difficulty: 5

Choice (D) is correct. “If you teach me Hebrew I *will teach* you English.” The question tests the ability to identify the correct tense and form of the verb *to teach*. It does not make sense to say *if you learn* (A), *you will teach* (B), or *I will learn* (C). Note that in Hebrew *to teach* and *to learn* derive from the same root.

7. Difficulty: 2

Choice (A) is correct. “All the students that registered *were accepted*.” The question tests the ability to identify the correct use of the verb *to accept*. It does not make sense to say that *they received* (B), *will receive* (C), or *are receiving* (D). Note that in Hebrew *to accept* and *to receive* derive from the same root.

8. Difficulty: 3

Choice (B) is correct. “In autumn the sky is in general *cloudy* (*masculine plural*).” This question tests the correct agreement of the adjective with the noun. The other choices—*masculine single* (A), *feminine single* (C), and *feminine plural* (D)—are incorrect in this sentence.

9. Difficulty: 3

Choice (D) is correct. “The new secondary school in Tel Aviv is *famous and special*.” This question tests the ability to identify the correct adjective. It does not make sense to say *is becoming famous* (A), *was becoming famous* (B), or *advertises* (C). Note that in Hebrew *to be famous* and *to advertise* derive from the same root.

10. Difficulty: 2

Choice (D) is correct. “There is no other school that is like *it*.” This question tests the ability to identify the correct preposition. It does not make sense to say *like* (A), *him* (B), or *in him* (C) in this sentence.

11. Difficulty: 3

Choice (B) is correct. “She was its *first principal*.” This question tests the ability to identify the correct adjective *the first*. It does not make sense to say that she was *the head* (A), *beginning* (C), or *in the beginning* (D).

12. Difficulty: 5

Choice (D) is correct. “She was not *satisfied* with the teaching way in the schools.” This question tests the ability to identify the correct use of the root *to want* or *to be satisfied*. The other three answer choices, (A) *wants*, (B) *wanted*, and (C) *lectures*, do not fit the expression *to be satisfied*, so only choice (D) *satisfied* is the correct answer.

13. Difficulty: 5

Choice (B) is correct. “She *aspired* to educate the students to live in two worlds.” This question tests the ability

to identify the correct vocabulary to express *to aspire*. Choices (A) *judged*, (C) *influenced*, and (D) *observed* do not fit the content of the sentence.

14. Difficulty: 2

Choice (B) is correct. “The students *understood* the need to have a bridge between the two worlds.” This question tests the ability to identify the correct vocabulary to express the verb *to understand*. Choices (A) *raised*, (C) *brought*, and (D) *set up* do not fit the content of the sentence.

15. Difficulty: 4

Choice (C) is correct. The ad advertises colorful balloons for different occasions. Therefore, choice (C) *decorations for celebrations* is the correct answer. Choices (A) *invitations*, (B) *parties*, and (D) *family celebrations* do not fit the content of the ad.

16. Difficulty: 2

Choice (A) is correct. “In order to get quick service, it is advisable *to talk to Hannah by phone*.” Choices (B) *to print a card for Hannah*, (C) *to invite Hannah to the party*, and (D) *to send Hannah an e-mail* do not fit the content of the ad.

17. Difficulty: 3

Choice (A) is correct. The question requires a completion of the statement, “Many people do not take walks because” based on the passage. Choices (B) *they do not have time to walk*, (C) *they do not have pets*, and (D) *they do not have medical problems* do not reflect the information in the passage, so only choice (A) *they do not wish to walk* is correct.

18. Difficulty: 4

Choice (A) is correct. The question asks, “When it is preferable to take a walk?” Based on the information in the passage, the correct answer is choice (A) *often*. Choices (B) *after a meal*, (C) *less than a quarter of an hour*, and (D) *only when it is hot outside* do not fit the contents of the passage.

19. Difficulty: 4

Choice (B) is correct. The question asks why it is “preferable to walk in open areas.” The correct answer is (B) *walking on the road is dangerous*. Choices (A) *because the view in open areas is more beautiful*, (C) *because walking on the road is difficult*, and (D) *because it is possible to walk faster* do not fit the contents of the passage.

20. Difficulty: 2

Choice (B) is correct. The question requires a completion of the statement, “Walking helps to” based on the information in the passage. Choices (A) *to find a partner*, (C) *to arrive to work on time*, and (D) *to pass the time* do not fit the contents of the passage, so only choice (B) *feel good* is correct.